

MACARENA

(La Virgen De La Macarena)
Bernardino Bautista Monterde

Adapted and Arranged by Alfred Reed

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ALFRED REED



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BERNARDO BAUTISTA MONTERDE
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Program Notes

Anyone who has ever been to a corrida (bullfight), either in Spain or in Latin America, has probably heard the same music during the course of the ballet-like entrance of the various participants in the bullfight, concluding with the entrance of the hero of the day, the matador himself.

The music usually used for these bullfight ceremonies is taken from an unlikely source. It is an arrangement, usually featuring a trumpet solo, of a piece by an obscure composer, Bernardino Bautista Monterde, which is a homage to one of the many national Holy Virgins, this one in the Spanish town of Macarena, "La Virgen de la Macarena." Usually the statues of the Virgin Mary which are special to a particular town or area are carried, on various Christian Holy Days, through the streets of the town for the townspeople to see and admire, and are then taken into the local church or cathedral for a special Mass. Thus the music is processional in style, befitting this carrying of the statue of the Virgin through the streets.

Its almost universal use in bullfights was probably due to two aspects of the music. First, its processional nature, accompanying the entry of the participants into the bullring. Second, it would seem fitting that a work relating to the Virgin Mary be used to bless the participants in the ensuing contest, and keep them safe from great harm.

It is rare for a composer to gain worldwide recognition through a single work, but just this happened to Bernardino Monterde. Even though his name does not appear in music encyclopedias, textbooks, or biographical dictionaries, his music has become very familiar to those millions of spectators who have become bullfight aficionados... as well as countless others.

Dr. Raymond A. Barr
Professor of Music Literature
University of Miami
Coral Gables, Florida

Instrumentation

Full Conductor Score	1
1st & 2nd C Flute	4
C Piccolo - 3rd C Flute.....	2
1st Bb Clarinet.....	4
2nd Bb Clarinet	4
3rd Bb Clarinet.....	4
Eb Alto Clarinet	2
Bb Bass Clarinet	2
Bb Contrabass Clarinet	1
1st & 2nd Oboes	2
1st & 2nd Bassoons	2
1st Eb Alto Saxophone	3
2nd Eb Alto Saxophone	2
Bb Tenor Saxophone	1
Eb Baritone Saxophone.....	1
Solo Bb Trumpet & 1st Bb Trumpet	3
2nd Bb Trumpet	3
3rd Bb Trumpet	3
1st & 2nd Bb Cornet	2
1st & 2nd F Horn	2
3rd & 4th F Horn	2
1st Trombone	2
2nd Trombone	1
3rd Trombone	1
Baritone T.C.	1
Baritone B.C.	2
Tuba	5
String Bass	1
Snare Drum - Bass Drum	3
Tenor Drum & Castanets	2
Cymbals	1
Vibraphone & Xylophone	2
Marimba	1
Timpani	1

Note to the Conductor

This music, which has become an integral part of the ceremony of the bull ring wherever bull fighting is practiced, must be played with the utmost possible brilliancy throughout, the solo Trumpet part being tossed off with a combination of bravado ("macho") and virtuosity similar to the movements and daring actions of the toroador himself. The opening phrase is the traditional trumpet call heralding the entrance of the bull into the ring, and should be performed accordingly, the final note being held for a long time to permit the sound to die away almost completely in both the solo instrument and the accompanying drum rolls.

This is succeeded by the grand entrance of all the participants at the beginning of the afternoon's festivities, which should be played with great power, sostenuto, and a crisp, rhythmic feeling that despite the majestic tempo does not drag. It is, after all, a procession, and at measure 12 we come to the entrance of the toroador himself with the next entrance of the solo Trumpet, both at this point and again at measure 19.

The music now becomes a brilliant Paso Doble at measure 22, the tempo of which should only be taken as fast as every instrument, and particularly the Woodwinds and Saxophones can play the florid melodic lines clearly and cleanly at all times. . . . the Trumpet-Trombone "interjections" each time to be played with the most brilliant, "hard" tonguing possible.

The solo Trumpet returns at measure 86 with his cadenzas built on the same melodic material as that of the introduction and the Paso Doble sections, with the full band "comments" each time played with the fullest possible sound.

The tempo at measure 90 should be slow but not too slow, basically in tempo throughout but also with a certain amount of rubato, in order to permit the Woodwinds and Horns to achieve the utmost in expressiveness in the delivery of the long, sinuous melodic lines making up this contrasting, reflective section.

The original majestic tempo returns at measure 107, leading to the last solo Trumpet cadenza, and then the coda brings back the feeling of the Paso Doble one last time.

Careful attention to phrasing, articulations (tonguing above all else in this music!), breath control and powerful playing from all instruments (especially the Percussion!) will result in a tremendously exciting performance of this brilliant Spanish masterpiece.

Alfred Reed

Alfred Reed

Composer, arranger, conductor and editor, Alfred Reed's life was intertwined with music almost from birth. His parents loved good music and made it part of their daily lives. Soon after high school Alfred began the serious study of harmony and counterpoint as a prelude to composition, which had come to be his passion. He studied at the Juilliard School of Music and was a staff composer and arranger with NBC and ABC, where he wrote and arranged music for radio, television, record albums and films.



Since 1966 he has been on the faculty of the School of Music at the University of Miami, where he developed the first four-year Music Industry program.

With over 200 published works in all media, many of which have been on required performance lists for over 25 years, Dr. Reed is one of the nation's most prolific and frequently performed composers.

MACARENA

(La Virgen De La Macarena)

BERNARDINO BAUTISTA MONTERDE
Adapted and Arranged by
ALFRED REED

Freely

C Flutes
C Piccolo (3rd C Flute)
Oboes
B♭ Clarinets
E♭ Alto Clarinet
B♭ Bass Clarinet
B♭ Contrabass Clarinet
Bassoons
E♭ Alto Saxophones
B♭ Tenor Saxophone
E♭ Baritone Saxophone

Maestoso, ma con moto $\text{♩} = \text{c.} 76$

F Horns
B♭ Trumpets
B♭ Cornets
Trombones
Baritone
Tuba
String Bass
Timpani
Snare Drum Bass Drum
Tenor Drum Castanets
Cymbals
Vibraphone Xylophone
Marimba

Fls.

Picc.

Obs.

Cls.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Cb.Cl.

Bsns.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Hns.

Tpts.

Cors.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

St.B.

Timp.

S.D.

T.D.

Cyms.

Xylo.

Marimba

3994

[12] Freely, colla parte

Fls. Picc. Obs. Cts. A.Cl. B.Cl. Cb.Cl. Bsns. A.Saxs. T.Sax. B.Sax.

Hns. Tpts. Solo *f' (con bravura) accel.* other *ff* 1.Tpts. (Tutti)

Cors. Trbs. Bar. Tuba St.B. St.B., Bsn.2, Cb.Cl.

Tim. S.D. B.D. T.D. Cyms. Xylo. Marimba

(softest sticks)

a tempo

3994

22 Allegro brillante (Paso doble) (♩ = c. 132)

Fls. 1 ff marc. sff2 a2 Soli
Picc. ff marc. sff2 Soli
Obs. 1 ff marc. sff2 A.Saxs.
Cl. 2 ff marc. sff2
3 ff marc. sff2
A.Cl. ff marc. sff2 Soli
B.Cl. ff marc. sff2 Soli mf
Cb.Cl. ff marc. sff2 mf sub. sim.
Bsns. 1 ff marc. sff2 a2 Soli
2 ff marc. sff2 mf
A.Saxs. 1 ff marc. sff2 Soli
2 ff marc. sff2 mf
T.Sax. ff marc. sff2 Bsns. mf
B.Sax. ff marc. sff2
Hns. ff marc. sff2 mf stacc.
Tpts. ff marc. sff2
Cors. ff marc. sff2
Trbs. ff marc. sff2
Bar. ff marc. sff2 1 Bar.
Tuba ff marc. sff2 pizz. mf sub. sim.
St.B. ff marc. sff2 mf sub.
Tim. ff marc. sff2
S.D. ff marc. sff2 mf sub.
B.D. ff sff2 mf sub.
T.D. Cast. ff sff2 Cast. 2 16th note ben ritmico
Cyms. ff sff2
Xylo. ff sff2 hard mallets
Marimba ff sff2 hard mallets

30

Fls. 2
Picc.
Obs. 1
2 *con bravura e marc.*
f
Cl. 1
2 *con bravura e marc.*
f
3 *con bravura e marc.*
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Bsns. 1
2
A.Saxs. 1
2
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
Bar.
Hns. 1
2
3
4 *sim.*
sim.
Tpts. 1
2
Cors. 1
2
Clar. 3
Trbs. 1
2
3
Bar.
Tuba
St.B.
Timpani
S.D.
B.D.
T.D.
Cast.
Cyms.
Xylo.
Marimba

30

p *sim.* *f*

f stacc. *f* stacc.

f stacc. *f* stacc. *f* stacc. *all Bars.* *f*

p *arcò f* *f*

mp *mp* *cresc.* *f* *mp cresc.*

ff

10

63

Fls. 1
Picc.
Obs. 1
Clss. 1
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Bsns. 1
A.Sax. 1
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
Hns. 1
Tpts.
Cors. 1
Trbs. 1
Bar.
Tuba
St.B.
Tim.
S.D. B.D.
T.D. Cast.
Cyms.
Xylo.
Marimba

Fls. 2
Picc.
Obs. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Pens. 2
A.Saxs. 1
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
Hns. 2
Hns. 3
Hns. 4
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Cors. 1
Trbs. 1
Trbs. 2
Trbs. 3
Bar.
Tuba
St.B.
Timpani
S.D. B.D.
T.D. Cast.
Cyms.
Xylo.
Marimba

73

mf *sf* *sf*

ff *ff*

f

mf *f*

f

73

f *mp* *sf*

f *mp* *sf*

f *sf*

mp *sf*

all Bars. *sf* *1 Bar.*

p *p sub.*

sf *p sub.*

sf

ff

mf *sf*

86 (colla parte)

Moderato $\text{♩} = 80$

Fls. 1
Fls. 2
Picc.
Obs. 1
Obs. 2
Clrs. 1
Clrs. 2
Clrs. 3
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Bsns. 1
Bsns. 2
A.Saxs. 1
A.Saxs. 2
T.Sax.
B.Sax.

Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Hns. 3
Hns. 4
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Cors. 1
Cors. 2
Trbs. 1
Trbs. 2
Trbs. 3
Bar.
Tuba
St.B.
Timp.
S.D.
T.D.
Cyms.
Xylo.
Marimba

86 (colla parte)

Moderato $\text{♩} = 80$

ff
ff'
ff''
ff''' (brillante)
sec.
choke

Fls.

Picc.

Obs.

Cl.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Cb.Cl.

Bsns.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Hns.

Tpts.

Cors.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

St.B.

Timp.

S.D.
B.D.

T.D.
Cast.

Cyms.

Xylo.

Marimba

90 Tempo rubato, espressivo ($\text{♩} = \text{c. 54}$)

(Change to Flute)

Fls. 2
Picc.
Obs. 1 2

Cl. 1 2 3
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Bsns. 1 2

A.Sax. 1 2
T.Sax.
B.Sax.

Hns. 1 2 3 4

Tpts. 1 2 3
(deliberately) poco a poco rit. e dim.

Cors. 1 2

Trbs. 1 2 3

Bar.

Tuba

St.B. St.B. pizz.

Timpani

S.D. B.D.

T.D. Cast.

Cyms.

Vibe. *(soft mallets, motor on, pedal down)*
no trem. (trem.) *p*
Marimba *sfp* (soft mallets) *p*

Tempo rubato, espressivo (♩ = c. 54)

(Change to Flute)

90 Tempo rubato, espressivo (♩ = c. 54)

1. *p*

pp

St.B. *pizz.*

mp

(soft mallets, motor on, pedal down)
no trem. (trem.) *p*
sfp (soft mallets) *p*

3904

Fls. 2
Fl. 3
Obs. 1
Obs. 2
Cl. 1
Cl. 2
Cl. 3
A.Cl.
B.Cl.
Cb.Cl.
Bsns. 2
A.Saxs. 1
A.Saxs. 2
T.Sax.
B.Sax.
B.Cl.
Hns. 1
Hns. 2
Hns. 3
Hns. 4
Tpts. 1
Tpts. 2
Tpts. 3
Cors. 1
Cors. 2
Trbs. 1
Trbs. 2
Trbs. 3
Bar.
Tuba
St.B.
Timp.
S.D.
B.D.
T.D.
Cast.
Cyms.
Vibe.
Marimba

Soli *p* *espr.*

Soli *p* *espr.*

Soli *p* *espr.* *Soli*

p *espr.*

Soli *p*

p *espr.*

Soli

p *espr.*

A.Cl. *Soli* *p* *espr.*

B.Cl. *p*

Hns. 1
2
3
4

Tpts. 1
2
3

Cors. 1
2

Trbs. 1
2
3

Bar.

Tuba

St.B.

Timp.

S.D.
B.D.

T.D.
Cast.

Cyms.

Vibe.

Marimba

Soli *mf* *Soli* *p*

98

Fls. 1, 2 *p* *mp* *pp* (Change to Piccolo)

Fl. 3 *p* *mp* *pp*

Obs. 1, 2 *pp* *div.* *p* *molto sost.* *unis.* *mp* *cresc.*

Cls. 1, 2 *p* *molto sost.* *div. molto sost.* *pp* *mp* *cresc.*

A.Cl. 3 *p* *poco*

B.Cl. *p* *mp* *cresc.*

Cb.Cl. *mp* *cresc.*

Bsns. 1, 2 *a2* *p* *(poco)*

A.Saxs. 1, 2 *pp* *mp* *cresc.*

T.Sax. *pp* *Bsns., A.Cl.* *mp*

B.Sax. *pp* *mp* *cresc.*

Hns. 1, 2 *Soli a2* *mp espr.* *poco a poco cresc.* *f* *mp*

Cors. 1, 2 *mp* *poco a poco cresc.* *f* *mp*

Tpts. 1, 2, 3 *Hns., Bar.*

Trbs. 1, 2, 3

Bar. 1, 2 *Soli* *mp espr.* *poco a poco cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.* 1 Bar. 1 Tuba

Tuba 1, 2, 3 *p* *mp* *cresc.* 1 Tuba

St.B. *p* *mp* *cresc.*

Timpani *trem.*

S.D. B.D.

T.D. Cast.

Cyms.

Vibe. *pp*

Marimba *pp*

107 Tempo I°—maestoso, ma con moto ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 76$)

Fls.

Picc.

Obs.

Cl.

A.Cl.

B.Cl.

Cb.Cl.

Bsns.

A.Saxs.

T.Sax.

B.Sax.

Hns.

Tpts.

Cors.

Trbs.

Bar.

Tuba

St.B.

Tim.

S.D.
B.D.

T.D.

Cyms.

Xylo.

Marimba

116 Allegro molto (♩=c. 138)